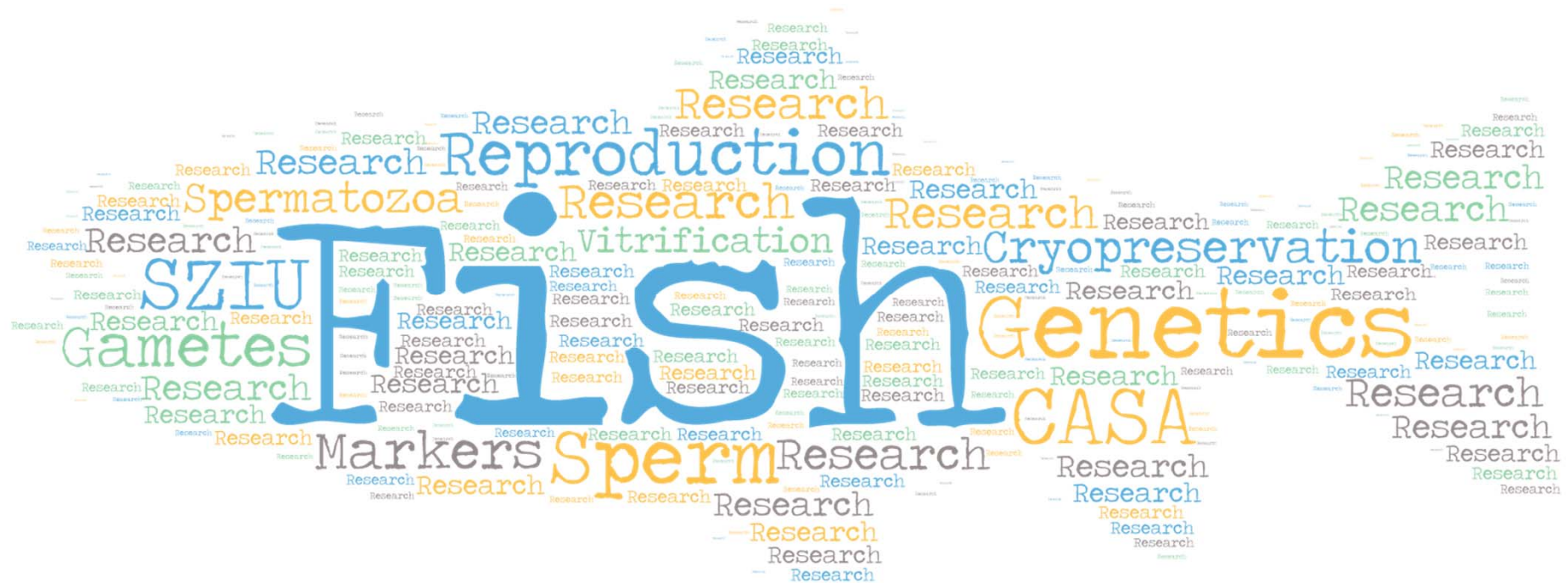


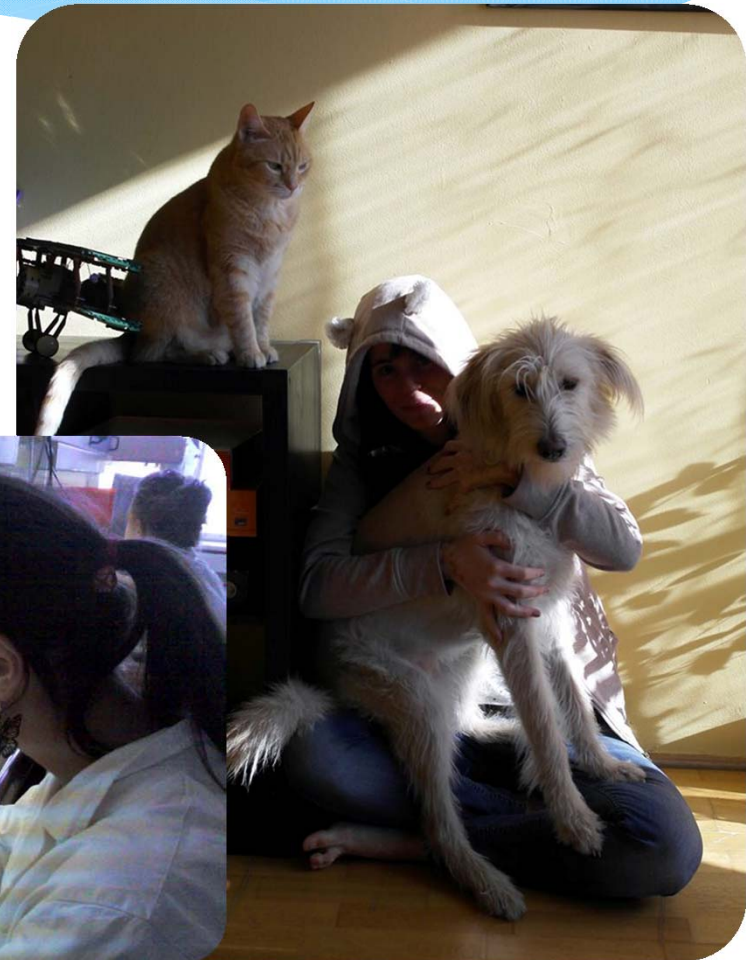
Eszter KÁSA

Department of Aquaculture, Szent István University, Gödöllő, Hungary
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Studies & animals

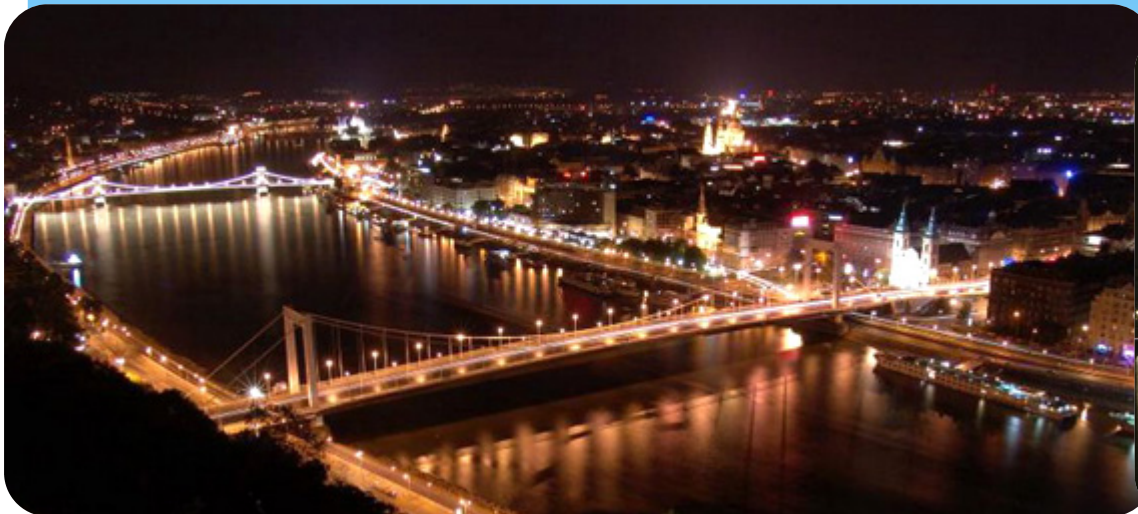
- * Animal Husbandry B.Sc.
- * Animal Biotechnology M.Sc.
- * Ph.D: Vitrification of fish sperm



Hungary in Europe









Lake Balaton: the largest shallow lake in Central Europe

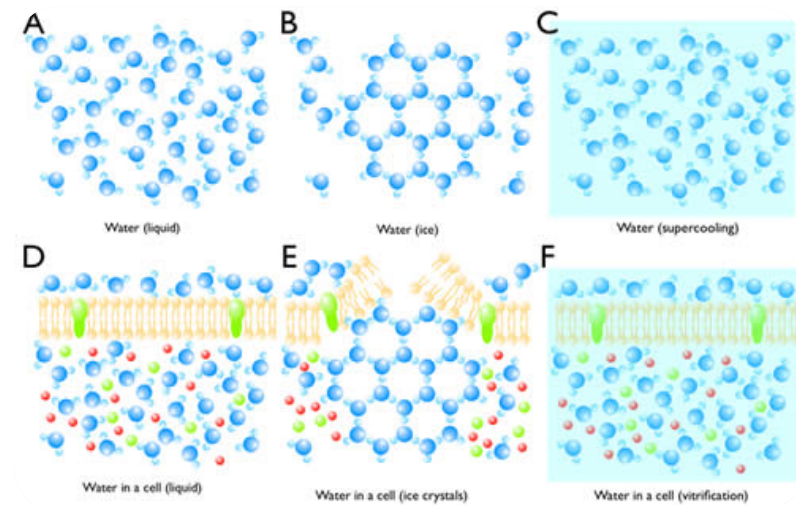


QUACULTURE

My PhD topic: Vitrification of fish sperm







What is vitrification?

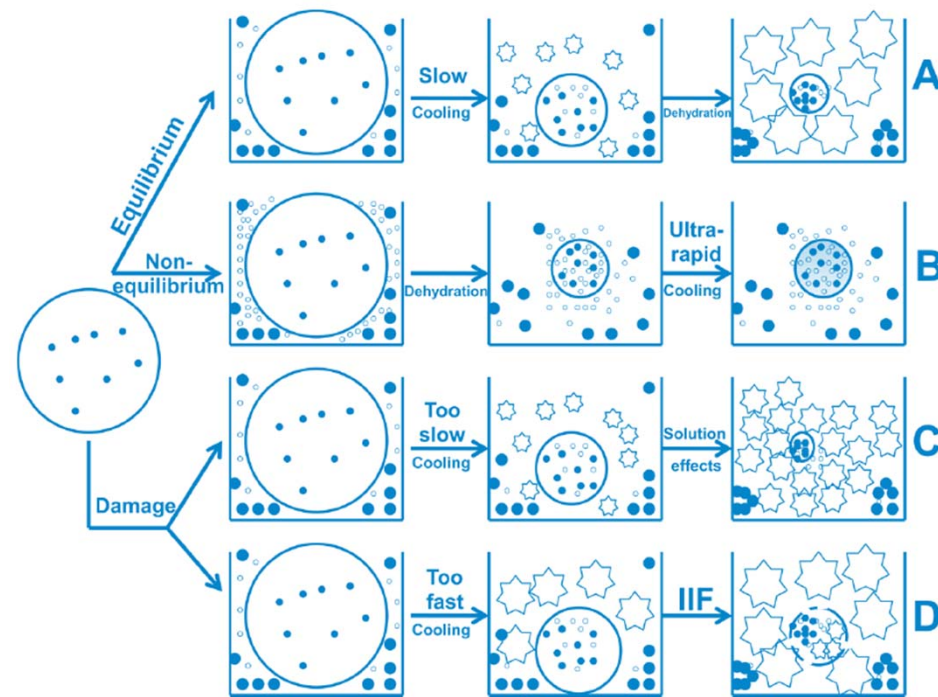
- * Solidification of a liquid into an amorphous/glassy state
- * Without creation of harmful ice crystals
- * Can be attained at very fast cooling rates (10^6 - 10^{10} ° C/s)
- * Is commonly used for long-term storage of embryos, oocytes and tissues



Vitrification vs. conventional cryopreservation

* Vitrification alters from cryopreservation:

- * Cryoprotectant % 
- * Cooling rate 
- * Warming rate 
- * Exposure time 
- * Sample volume 
- * Cooling device 

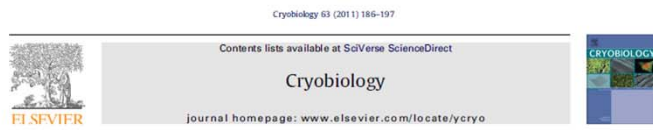


Cuevas-Urbe, 2011

Vitrification of fish sperm



- * 2011:
 - * Green swordtail (*Xiphophorus hellerii*) – **7% motility** (Cuevas-Uribe et al)
 - * Channel catfish (*Ictalurus punctatus*) - **25% fertilization** (Cuevas-Uribe et al)
- * 2013:
 - * Rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) – **31,0% fertilization** (Figueroa et al)
- * 2015:
 - * Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar*) – **44,1% motility, 46,2% fertilization** (Figueroa et al)



Production of channel catfish with sperm cryopreserved by rapid non-equilibrium cooling¹⁶

Rafael Cuevas-Uribe^a, S.P. Leibo^b, Jonathan Daly^a, Terrence R. Tiersch^{a,*}

^aAquaculture Research Station, Louisiana Agricultural Experiment Station, Louisiana State University Agricultural Center, 2410 Ben Hur Road, Baton Rouge, LA 70803, USA
^bDepartment of Biological Sciences, University of New Orleans, Audubon Center for Research of Endangered Species, 2000 Lakeshore Drive, New Orleans, LA 70148, USA



Effect of seminal plasma on Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar*) sperm vitrification

E. Figueroa^{a,b,*}, O. Merino^c, J. Risopatrón^c, V. Isachenko^d, R. Sánchez^e, B. Effer^a, E. Isachenko^d, J.C. Farias^b, I. Valdebenito^e

^aSchool of Aquaculture, Catholic University of Temuco, Faculty of Natural Resources, Temuco, Chile
^bDepartamento de Ingeniería Química, Facultad de Ingeniería y Ciencias, Universidad de la Frontera, Temuco, Chile
^cDepartment of Basic Sciences, Faculty of Medicine, La Frontera University and BIOREN - Center for Biotechnology in Reproduction, La Frontera University, Temuco, Chile
^dDepartment of Obstetrics and Gynecology, University of Cologne, Köln, Germany



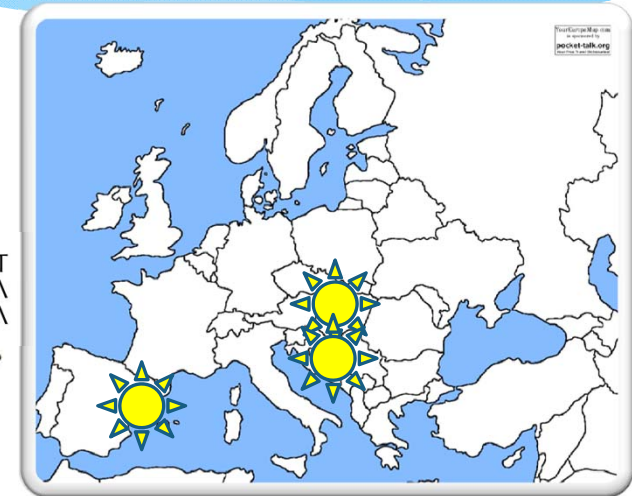
Spermatozoa vitrification of sex-reversed rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*): Effect of seminal plasma on physiological parameters

E. Figueroa^{a,*}, J. Risopatrón^a, R. Sánchez^a, E. Isachenko^c, O. Merino^a, V. Isachenko^c, I. Valdebenito^b

^aBIOREN - Center for Biotechnology in Reproduction, La Frontera University, Temuco, Chile
^bSchool of Aquaculture, Catholic University of Temuco, Temuco, Chile
^cDepartment of Obstetrics and Gynecology, University Maimonides Hospital Ufm, Pritvetzstrasse 43, 89075 Ulm, Germany

Experimental species

- European eel (*Anguilla anguilla*)
- Grayling (*Thymallus thymallus*)
- Eurasian perch (*Perca fluviatilis*)
- Tench (*Tinca tinca*)
- Common carp (*Cyprinus carpio*)
- Zebrafish (*Danio rerio*)
- Goldfish (*Carassius auratus*)

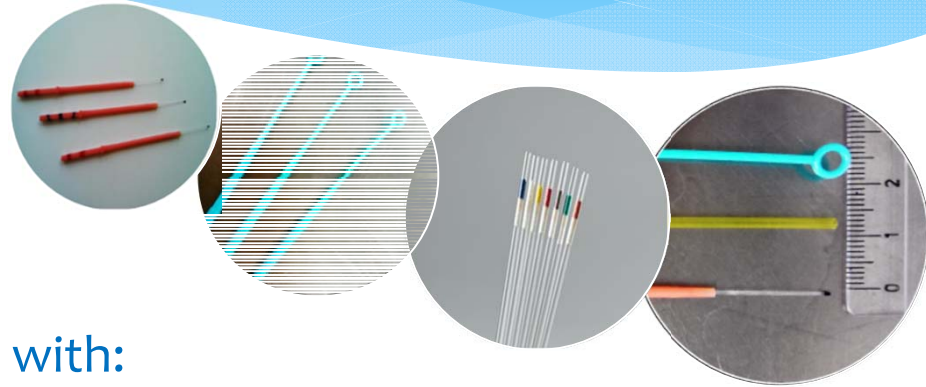


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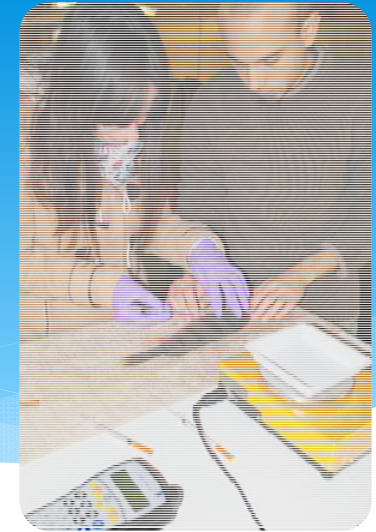
Experimental designs I.

- * Cooling devices
 - * Cryotop – 2.5 μ l
 - * Inoculating loop – 10 μ l
 - * Straw - 250 μ l
- * Dilution ratios (1:1 – 1:100)
- * Cooling media – supplemented with:
 - * Sugars – to **increase the osmolality** of the solution
 - * Proteins – to **increase the viscosity** of the solution
- * Cryoprotectants: **high concentration is required (30-50%)**
 - * Methanol
 - * Propylene-glycol
 - * Methoxyethanol

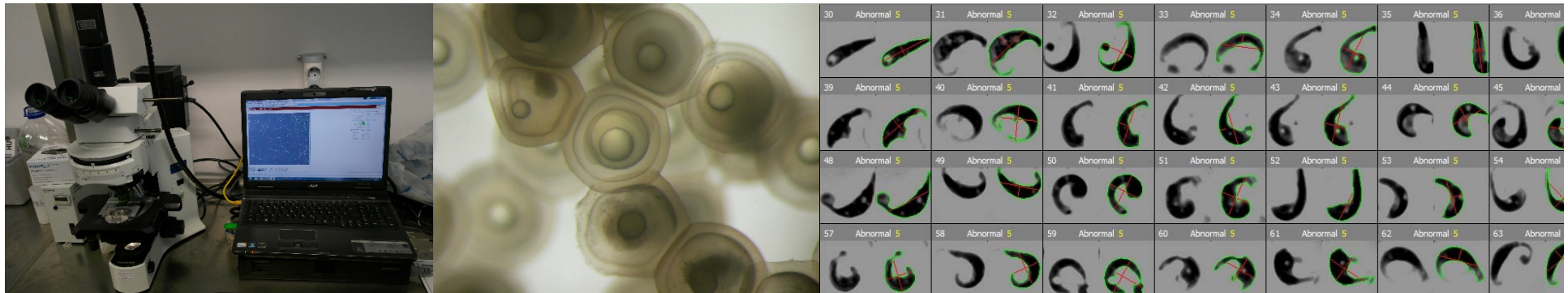


Sperm suspension was plunged directly into liquid nitrogen without pre-cooling in its vapour.

Experimental designs II.



- * Evaluation of the efficiency of the vitrification protocols
 - * **Progressive motility: CASA** (computer-assisted sperm analysis)
 - * **Fertilisation test**
 - * **ASMA** (computer automated sperm head morphometry analysis)



Experimental designs III.



Hormonal injection



Sperm collection



CASA analysis of the fresh samples



Sperm dilution (extender + cryoprotectants)



Vitrification on Cryotops



Egg collection (hCG, 500 IU/g fish)

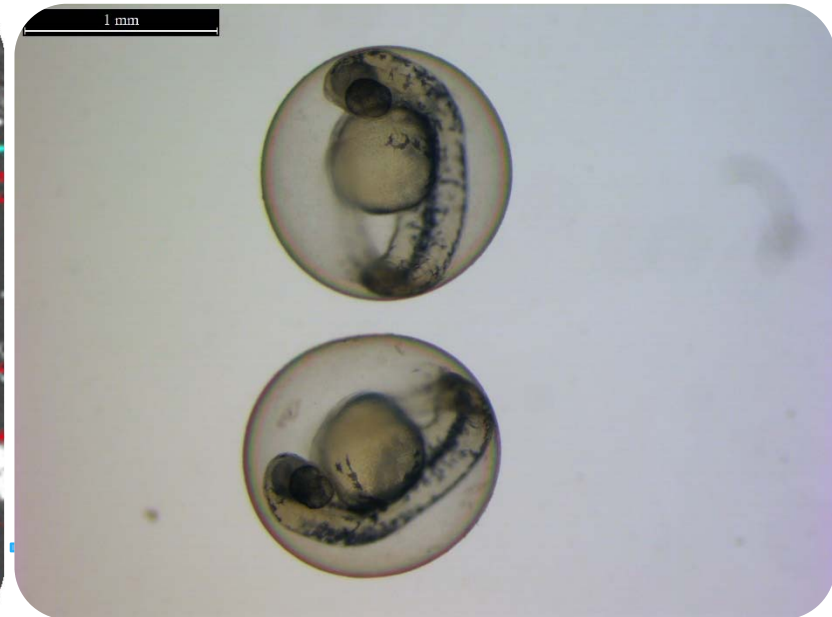
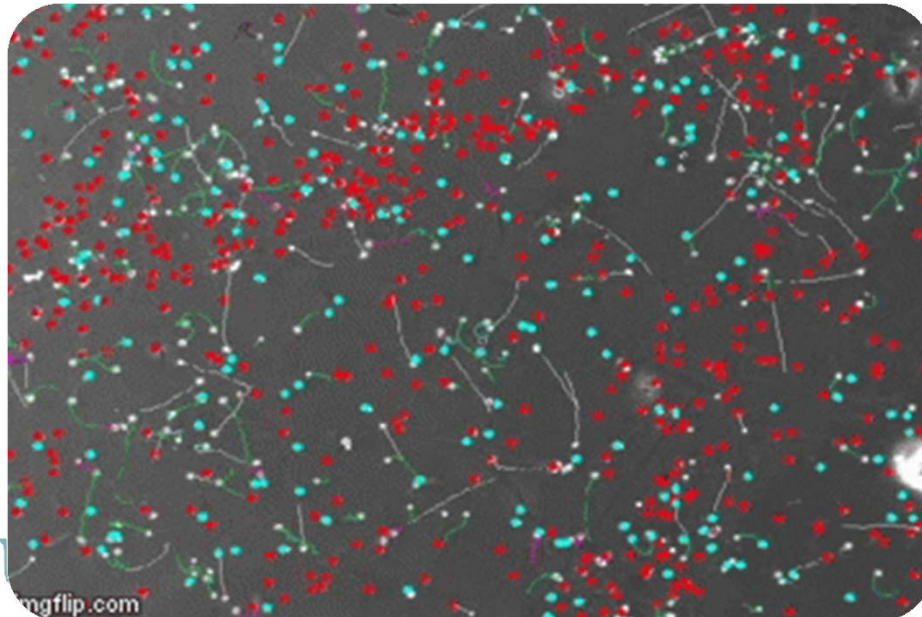
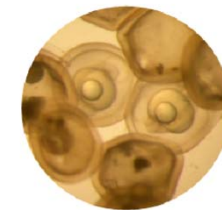
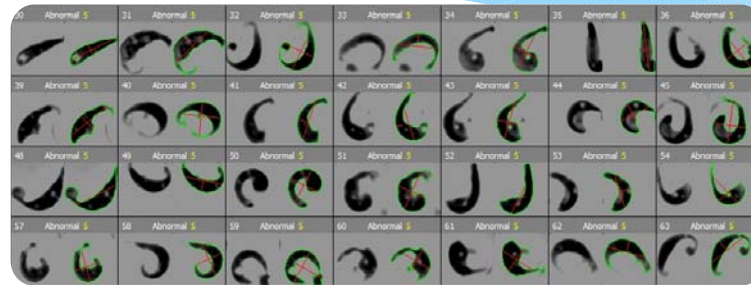


Fertilization and incubation



Counting fertilization rates

Results



Conclusion

- * Small volumes (2-10 μ l)
- * Species specific media and dilution ratio
- * Vitrification media should contain:
 - * **Proteins** (carp seminal plasma, FBS, BSA)
 - * **Mixture of cryoprotectants** (2-3 CPs, 30-40%*)
 - * **Sugars: trehalose** – high efficiency
 - * **Non-activating dilution media**



*above 40%: toxic, below 30%: ice formation is not entirely inhibited

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